

TL10

Plate Heat Exchanger

Applications

General heating and cooling duties.

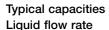
Standard design

The plate heat exchanger consists of a pack of corrugated metal plates with portholes for the passage of the two fluids between which heat transfer will take place.

The plate pack is assembled between a fix frame plate and a movable pressure plate and compressed by tightening bolts. The plates are fitted with a gasket which seals the interplate channel and directs the fluids into alternate channels. The number of plates is determined by the flow rate, physical properties of the fluids, pressure drop and temperature program. The plate corrugations promote fluid turbulence and support the plates against differential pressure.

The plate and the pressure plate are suspended from an upper carrying bar and located by a lower guiding bar, both of which are fixed to a support column.

Connections are located in the frame plate or, if either or both fluids make more than a single pass within the unit, in the frame and pressure plates.



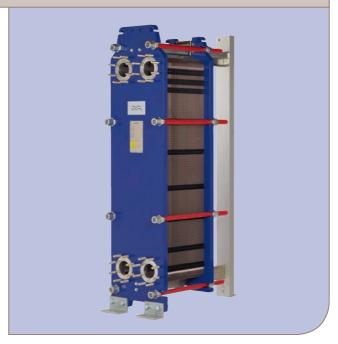
Up to 50 kg/s (800 gpm), depending on media, permitted pressure drop and temperature program.

Plate types TL10-B, TL10-P

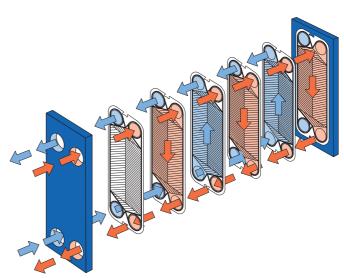
Frame types FM, FG and FS

Working principle

Channels are formed between the plates and the corner ports are arranged so that the two media flow through alternate channels. The heat is transferred through the plate between the channels, and complete counter-current flow is created for highest possible efficiency. The corrugation of the plates provides the passage between the plates, supports each plate against the adjacent one and enhances the turbulence, resulting in efficient heat transfer.



TL10-BFG



Flow principle of a plate heat exchanger

STANDARD MATERIALS

Frame plate

Mild steel, Epoxy painted

Nozzles

Carbon steel

Metal lined: Stainless steel, Titanium, Alloy 254, Alloy C276,

Nickel

Rubber lined: Nitrile, EPDM

Plates

Stainless steel: Alloy 304, Alloy 316. Alloy 254, Alloy C276

Nickel, Titanium

Gaskets

Nitrile, EPDM, Viton®

Other grades and material available on request

TECHNICAL DATA

Pressure vessel codes, PED, ASME, pvcALS™ Mechanical design pressure (g) / temperature

FΜ	pvcALS™	1.0 MPa / 180°C
FG	PED, pvcALS™	1.6 MPa / 180°C
FG	ASME	150 psig / 482°F
FD	PED	2.5 MPa / 180°C
FS	ASME	400 psig / 482°F

Connections

		Size:	
FM	pvcALS™	100 mm	DIN/GB/GOST, PN10, ASME CI. 150, JIS 10K
FG	PED	100 mm	DIN PN16, ASME CI. 150
FG	pvcALS™	100 mm	DIN/GB/GOST, PN16, ASME CI. 150, JIS 16K
FG	ASME	4"	ASME CI. 150
FD	PED	100 mm	DIN PN25, ASME CI. 300, Special square flange
FD	pvcALS™	100 mm	DIN/GB/GOST, PN16, ASME CI. 150, JIS 16K

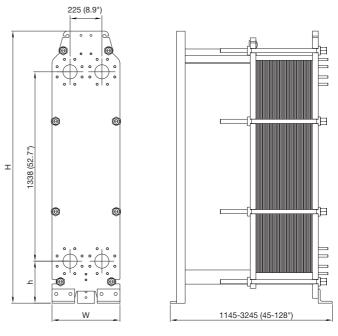
Special square flange

Maximum heat transfer surface

250 m² (2700 sq. ft)

FS ASME

Dimensions



Measurements mm (inch)

Туре	Н	W	h
TL10-FM	1885 (74.2")	480 (18.9")	255 (10")
TL10-FG	1981 (78")	480 (18.9")	297 (11.7")
TL10-FD	1981 (78")	480 (18.9")	297 (11.7")
TL10-FS	1981 (78")	510 (20.1")	297 (11.7")

The number of tightening bolts may vary depending on pressure rating.

Particulars required for quotation

- Flow rates or heat load
- Temperature program
- Physical properties of liquids in question (if not water)
- Desired working pressure
- Maximum permitted pressure drop

PCT00117EN 1202

Alfa Laval reserves the right to change specifications without prior notification.